

Metamorphosis Social Class In Hungary

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The New Review 1973

[Louis the Great, King of Hungary and Poland](#) Steven Béla Várdy 1986

Medieval Buda Martyn C. Rady 1985

The Hungarian Labor Service System, 1939–1945 Randolph L. Brahm 1977 Part of a collection of fundamental studies of various aspects of the Holocaust by the leading western scholar of the Holocaust.

The Challenge of Communist Education Margrete Siebert Klein 1980 A significant study of the educational system of the German Democratic Republic as a case study of communist education by a distinguished specialist on the subject.

Jews at the Crossroads Howard N. Lupovitch 2007–01–10 Examines the social and political history of the Jews of Miskolc—the third largest Jewish community in Hungary—and presents the wider transformation of Jewish identity during the eighteenth and nineteenth centuries. It explores the emergence of a moderate, accommodating form of traditional Judaism that combined elements of tradition and innovation, thereby creating an alternative to Orthodox and Neolog Judaism. This form of traditional Judaism reconciled the demands of religious tradition with the expectations of Magyarization and citizenship, thus allowing traditional Jews to be patriotic Magyars. By focusing on Hungary, this book seeks to correct a trend in modern Jewish historiography that views Habsburg Jewish History as an extension of German Jewish History, most notably with regard to emancipation and enlightenment. Rather than trying to fit Hungarian Jewry into a conventional Germano-centric taxonomy, this work places Hungarian Jews in the distinct contexts of the Habsburg Monarchy and the Danube Basin, positing a more seamless nexus between the eighteenth and nineteenth century. This nexus was rooted in a series of political experiments by Habsburg sovereigns and Hungarian noblemen that culminated in civic equality, and in the gradual expansion of traditional Judaism to meet the challenges of the age.

Milovan Djilas, a Revolutionary as a Writer Dennis Reinhartz 1981 A sensitive literary biography of Milovan Djilas.

East European Quarterly 1979

Everyday Nationalism in Hungary Alexander Maxwell 2019–09–23 This book examines Hungarian nationalism through everyday practices that will strike most readers as things that seem an unlikely venue for national politics. Separate chapters examine nationalized tobacco, nationalized wine, nationalized moustaches, nationalized sexuality, and nationalized clothing. These practices had other economic, social or gendered meanings: moustaches were associated with manliness, wine with aristocracy, and so forth. The nationalization of everyday practices thus sheds light on how patriots imagined the nation's economic, social, and gender composition. Nineteenth-century Hungary thus serves as the case study in the politics of "everyday nationalism." The book discusses several prominent names in Hungarian history, but in unfamiliar contexts. The book also engages with theoretical debates on nationalism, discussing several key theorists. Various chapters specifically examine how historical actors imagine relationship between the nation and the state, paying particular attention Rogers Brubaker's constructivist approach to nationalism without groups, Michael Billig's notion of 'banal nationalism,' Carole Pateman's ideas about the nation as a 'national brotherhood', and Tara Zahra's notion of 'national indifference.'

German-Hungarian Relations and the Swabian Problem Thomas Spira 1977

The Metamorphosis of a Social Class in Hungary During the Reign of Young Franz Joseph Peter I. Hidas 1977 A systematic evaluation of the character and significance of the Liberal Centralists' governance (1849–1853) focussing on the situation in Hungary during that era and the response of the Hungarian ruling class to Vienna's policies between 1849 and 1853.

The Hungarian Revolution of 1956 in Retrospect Béla K. Király 1978

[The Emergence of the Romanian National State](#) Gerald J. Bobango 1979

Development of Class Structure in Eastern Europe Aleksander Gella 1989–01–01 Emphasizing the development of class structure, this book is the first in English to describe the historical and social development of Poland, Czechoslovakia, Hungary, and Romania from medieval feudalism to modern capitalism. Historically these countries have maintained mostly peaceful relations among themselves in the past and now share the common characteristic of being Soviet "satellites." The author has devoted particular attention to Poland because of its unique political system, as well as its greater size, population, and cultural influence. The book is divided into three sections: part one reviews the early history and social structure of each country; part two provides a sociological analysis of social classes and their evolution over centuries; and part three examines the effect that World War II has had on these social classes.

Canadian Studies on Hungarians, 1886–1986 University of Regina. Canadian Plains Research Center 1987

Bear and Foxes Ronald Haly Linden 1979

Subject Catalog Library of Congress 1979

The Metamorphosis of a Social Class in Hungary During the Reign of Young Franz Joseph Peter I. Hidas 1977 A systematic evaluation of the character and significance of the Liberal Centralists' governance (1849–1853) focussing on the situation in Hungary during that era and the response of the Hungarian ruling class to Vienna's policies between 1849 and 1853.

Eastern Europe and the West John Morison 1992–12–13 This book explores the rich and complex relationship between Eastern Europe and the West in the nineteenth and twentieth centuries. Hans Henning Hahn, Robert Berry and Frank Thackeray elucidate Polish emigre diplomacy in the Partition years. Thomas Sakmyster reveals the British contribution to the establishment of the Horthy regime in Hungary. Peter Pastor chronicles the fate of the Hungarian community in wartime Britain, and Gyula Juhasz and Peter Hidas investigate the activities of Hungarian diplomats in the Second World War. Bernd Fischer looks at the role of British intelligence in Albania in the Second World War, while Osvaldo Croci investigates the diplomatic return of Trieste to Italy in 1953. Lech Trzeciakowski, John Kulczycki and Adam Walaszek discuss the experiences of Polish miners in Germany, German settlers in Poland and Polish returnees from the USA. Robert Blobaum reinterprets the Polish Marxists' policy towards the Polish question, and Richard Lewis reviews the fate of Polish historians under Marxism. Alan Foster analyzes the sympathy of The Times and the Beaverbrook Press for the Soviet Union in the interwar period, and Paul Latawski scrutinises the idiosyncratic views of Sir Lewis Namier on Poland and Czechoslovakia.

Divide and Conquer Lancelot L. Farrar (Jr.) 1978

[The Polish Underground State](#) Stefan Korboński 1978

Béla Bartók and Turn-of-the-Century Budapest Judit Frigyesi 1998 This text grounds Bartok's art in turn-of-the-century Hungary and its modernist movement. It argues that Hungarian modernism and Bartok's aesthetic should be understood in terms of a collective search for wholeness in life and art.

[Hungary's Long Nineteenth Century](#) Laszlo Péter 2012–03–23 Based on a professional lifetime of research, teaching and passionate scholarly debates, the author reassesses some of the key events, turning points, concepts, personalities, categories, institutions and legal framework on which Hungary's constitutional and social progress rested from the mid-nineteenth to the early twentieth century.

Russia and Eastern Europe, 1789–1985 Raymond Pearson 1989

[The Catholic Church and the Soviet Government, 1939–1949](#) Dennis J. Dunn 1977

[Hungarian Studies Review](#) 1987

[Library of Congress Catalogs](#) Library of Congress 1979

The Canadian-American Review of Hungarian Studies 1977

[Current Book Review Citations](#) 1982

[Were-wolf and Vampire in Romania](#) Harry A. Senn 1982

Recently Published Articles - American Historical Association American Historical Association 1984

[Fires on the Mountain](#) Laura Beth Sherman 1980 An interesting study on "terrorist" tactics in the Balkans focusing on the case of the kidnapping of the American missionary Ellen Stone by the Internal Macedonian Revolutionary Organization (IMRO) at the beginning of the twentieth century.

[Frederick I, the Man and His Times](#) Linda Frey 1984

Emigration in Polish Social-political Thought, 1870–1914 Benjamin P. Murdzek 1977

[Consciousness and History](#) Gerasimos Augustinos 1977

[Catalog of Copyright Entries. Third Series](#) Library of Congress. Copyright Office 1979

[Apple of Discord](#) Ian D. Armour 2014 This book focuses on the hitherto unexplored Hungarian influence on the Habsburg Monarchy's policy toward Serbia after the 1867 Ausgleich, and it argues that this early period was critical in shaping policy after 1871, down to the imposition on Serbia in 1881 of a system of economic and political control.

[New Review of East-European History](#) 1975

[Arts & Humanities Citation Index](#) 1980

Boleslaw Limanowski, 1835–1935 Kazimiera Janina Cottam 1978 This critical biography of the Polish scholar Boleslaw Limanowski, the constructor of a unique socio-political theory with respect to nationality problems in Tsarist Russia, is a major contribution to the history of Poland and of Polish nationalism in the second half of the nineteenth century and the beginning of the twentieth.